



#### **Overview of Session**

- Some big ideas from the Primary Language Curriculum
- Principles of second language learning
- Focus on Transfer of Skills
  - Broad considerations
  - Specific strategies



## The Primary Language Curriculum: Some big ideas

Emergentist & social-interactionist view of language development, (Snow, 1999, Macwhinney, 1999, Vygotsky, 1978): Language learning as developmental and social

Integrated nature of language learning across the three strands

Focus on developmentally appropriate language input

**Quality interactions** 

**Centrality of play** 

**Focus on dialogic practices** 

**Balanced literacy framework** 

The interdependence hypothesis (Cummins, 1979;1991;2000)

**Integration across languages** 

**Common underlying proficiency** 

**Encourage transfer explicitly to make language learning more efficient** 





# Second Language Learning: What are the big ideas?







The quantity and the quality of the language input have been shown to influence the speed of acquisition... The more exposure the learners have to the target language the more they will learn and the faster they will learn it.

(Cummins & Ó Duibhir 2012, p.51)





Irish depends on the attitudes, efforts, and commitment of individual schools and teachers in a way that other subjects do not.

(Harris 2007, pp.37 - 38)





While monolingual instructional strategies (e.g., use of the target language for large blocks of time) play an important role within both foreign/second language teaching and bilingual/immersion education, they should be complemented by bilingual instructional strategies that focus on teaching directly for two-way transfer across languages.

(Cummins 2005, p.2)





Teachers also need to expect that it is their responsibility to ensure that their students are motivated and stay motivated and not bewail the fact that students do not bring any motivation to learn the L2 in the classroom. While it is probably true that teachers can do little to influence students' extrinsic motivation, there is a lot they can do to enhance their intrinsic motivation. languages.'

(Ellis 2005, p.221)





# Second Language Learning: What are the big ideas?





#### **Interdependence Hypothesis: Cummins**

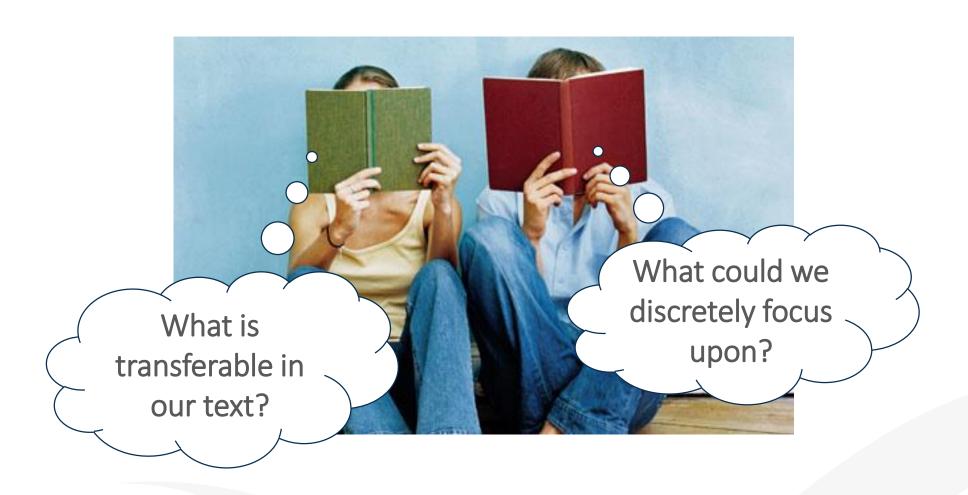
To the extent that instruction in Lx is effective in promoting proficiency in Lx, transfer of this proficiency to Ly will occur provided there is adequate exposure to Ly (either in school or environment) and adequate motivation to learn Ly.

(Cummins 1981)



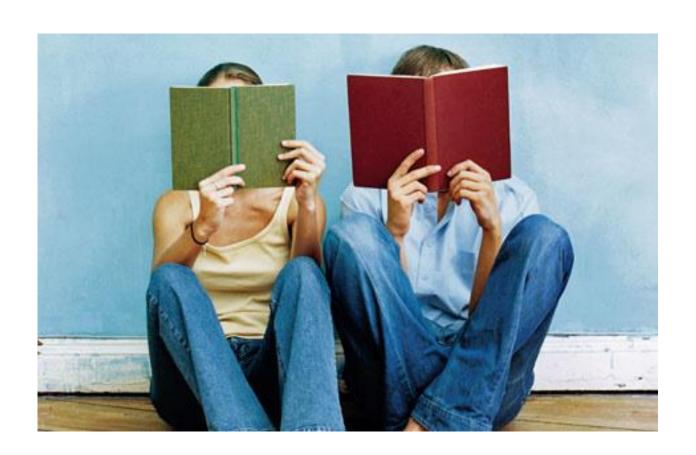


# **Exploring Transfer in Reading Lessons: What to transfer?**





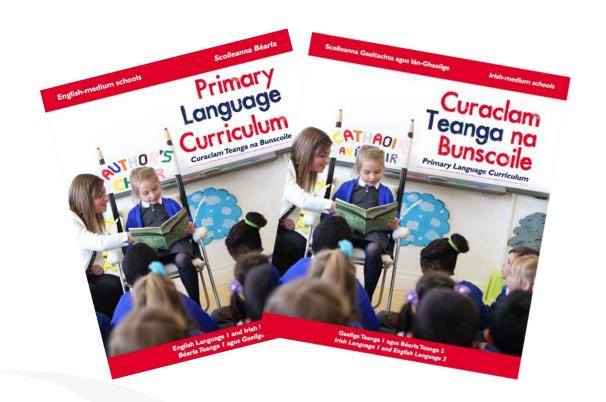
# **Exploring Transfer in Reading Lessons: How** to encourage transfer?





#### **Primary Language Curriculum**

To effectively support children's learning of and across the two languages, it is important that Irish is taught through Irish and that English is taught through English.



(NCCA 2015, p.20)



### Broad Considerations: How could I incorporate language transfer into my language teaching?





#### **Specific Strategies:**

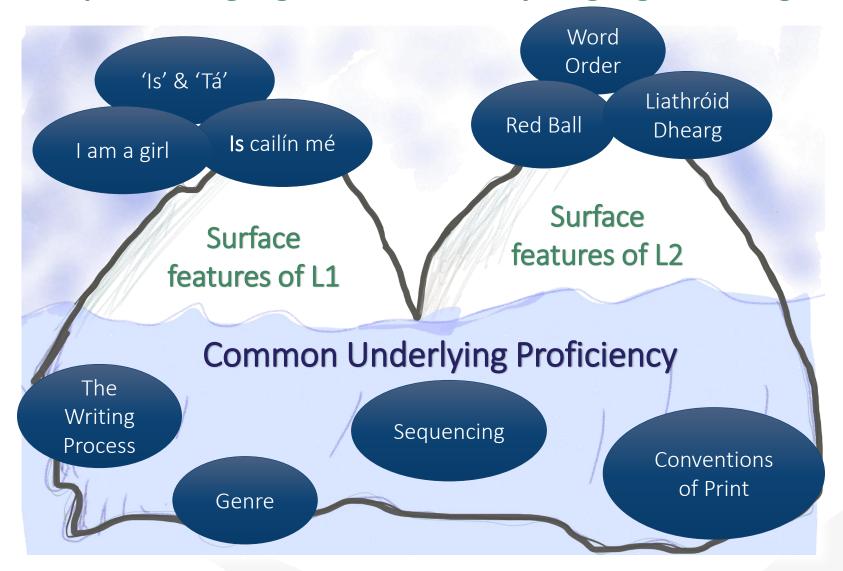
How could I incorporate language transfer into my language teaching?



### **Specific Strategies:**



How could I incorporate language transfer into my language teaching?



#### **Specific Strategies:**



### How could I incorporate language transfer into my language teaching?

### My Plan

Who?	Where?	What?	Problem?	Ending?
Liam	on the bus	He ate	exhausted	finally

#### **Mo Phlean**

Cé?	Áit?	Briathra?	Fadhb?	Críoch?
		<b>,</b>		
Liam	ar an mbus	D`ith sé	tuirseach traochta	Ar deireadh
		Rinne sé		
	ar scoil			obair
		Chuaigh sé		bbaile



#### Menti:

Go to www.menti.com and use the code 75 91 7

Identify something you heard in today's session that you would like to try in relation to teaching for transfer of skills across languages **■** Mentimeter



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