STRESSOR TOOL

Recognising and reducing stressors is an important part of reframing behaviour. Start with the student's strengths and interests. Then fill out the potential stressors that you recognise through your own observations or what you have learned from the student, their parent/caregiver or other supporting adults. When you have recognised the stressors, consider how you might reduce some of them with consideration to the student's strengths and interests. Some will be outside of your control.

Student's Strengths and Interests Student Name: Date: **RECOGNISING STRESSORS REDUCING STRESSORS RECOGNISING STRESSORS REDUCING STRESSORS**

RECOGNISING STRESSORS REDUCING STRESSORS RECOGNISING STRESSORS REDUCING STRESSORS RECOGNISING STRESSORS REDUCING STRESSORS RECOGNISING STRESSORS REDUCING STRESSORS



One Page Profile

My picture goes here!

Things I like to do:

Things that comfort me:

How I like to communicate:

Things I don't like:

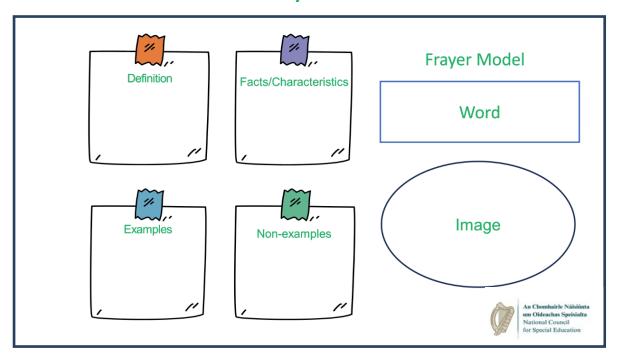
My name is

years old

5

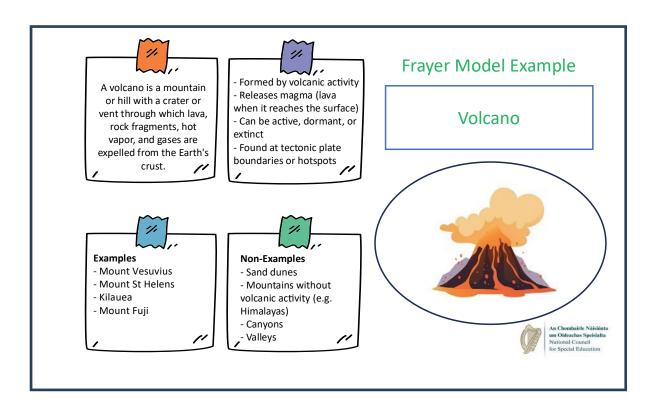
How to support me best:

Frayer Model



How to Use the Frayer Model:

- 1. **Choose a Concept or Word**: Select a vocabulary term, concept, or topic to explore.
- 2. **Define the Term**: In the **Definition** quadrant, provide a clear and concise explanation.
- 3. **Identify Key Characteristics**: List essential features, traits, or attributes in the **Characteristics** quadrant.
- 4. **Provide Examples**: Include specific instances or items that match the concept in the **Examples** quadrant.
- 5. **List Non-Examples**: Identify items or concepts that are unrelated or opposite to the term in the **Non-Examples** quadrant.
- 6. Add an image: students add their own Image to link to the word.
- 7. **Discuss and Reflect**: Encourage group discussion to refine understanding and address misconceptions.







1

Post Primary Communication Profiling Checklist: Speech, Language and Communication

Stı	udent Name: School Year/Class: _			
Ch	ecklist Completed By: Position in School: _			
	Think about the student's abilities as compared to their peers, then rate the	nem using	the following:	
	0 = Rarely (adequate skills or not applicable)			
	1 = Sometimes (once a week but not every day)			
	2 = Often (daily)			
	This profile can be used to gather information on a student's strengths, difficu anguage and communication. Identifying a difficulty or a difference does not nupport in this area. This is not a diagnostic tool and there is diversity across evand communication skills.	ecessarily	indicate a nec	ed for
	Expressive Language (Speaking)			
Do	pes the student:	Rarely	Sometimes	Often
	find it difficult to think of certain words? (e.g. may talk around the word or			
	give up)			
0	leave out word endings like plurals or past tense?			
0	jumble up the word order of sentences?			
0	have difficulty creating longer sentences using conjunctions? (e.g. if, so, or)			
0	leave out information when explaining themselves or telling a story?			
0	mix up the order of an explanation or story?			
	Total:			
Do	Receptive Language (Understanding Spoken La		Sometimes	Often
0	have difficulty following longer instructions or only follow them in part?			
0	have difficulty remembering things people say/require repetition of instructions?			
0	look to other students' actions to follow instructions?			
0	take things literally?			
0	have difficulty understanding jokes and puns?			
0	have difficulty understanding inferred meaning?			
0	take a long time to respond to a question?			
0	show reluctance to answer questions in class?			

Total:





Ones the student: ○ have a limited range of vocabulary? ○ frequently use non-specific words such as 'stuff' and 'thing'? ○ have difficulty understanding and remembering word meanings? ○ misuse words? (e.g. uses them in the wrong context) Total: Understanding Written Language (Reading Comprehension & Expression) Does the student have difficulty: ○ understanding what they are reading (as distinct from ability to decode)? ○ answering questions and summarising information on a written text? ○ understanding what they are reading (as distinct from ability to decode)? ○ answering questions and summarising information on a written text? ○ constructing sentences and using correct grammar in written pieces? ○ using correct content (e.g. vocabulary) to convey meaning in written pieces? ○ with spelling? Total: Social Communication (Pragmatic Language) Does the student have a difference (compared to most of the class) in the way they: ○ start a conversation? ○ take turns in a conversation? ○ maintain topics of conversation? ○ maintain topics of conversation? ○ switch topics of conversation? ○ use eye contact? ○ are aware of personal space? ○ use appropriate facial expressions in others? (e.g. when others don't understand them) ○ recognise/say when they don't understand? ○ interact or participate with others in group activities? Total: Senglish the student's first language? Comments: Signature: Date Completed:		Vocabulary			
o frequently use non-specific words such as 'stuff' and 'thing'? o have difficulty understanding and remembering word meanings? o misuse words? (e.g. uses them in the wrong context) Understanding Written Language (Reading Comprehension & Expression) Does the student have difficulty: o understanding what they are reading (as distinct from ability to decode)? o answering questions and summarising information on a written text? o structuring and organising thoughts in written pieces? o using correct content (e.g. vocabulary) to convey meaning in written pieces? with spelling? Total: Social Communication (Pragmatic Language) Does the student have a difference (compared to most of the class) in the way they: start a conversation? take turns in a conversation? maintain topics of conversation? switch topics of conversation? use eye contact? are aware of personal space? use appropriate facial expressions in others? (e.g. when others don't understand them) recognise/say when they don't understand? recognise/say when they don't understand? interact or participate with others in group activities? Total: Comments:	Do	-	Rarely	Sometimes	Often
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		recognise/say when they don't understand? interact or participate with others in group activities?			
Signature: Date Completed:	ls E	recognise/say when they don't understand? interact or participate with others in group activities? Total:	yes	no]
OBJECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF T		recognise/say when they don't understand? interact or participate with others in group activities? Total: English the student's first language?	yes	no]

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3

Scoring guidelines for the NCSE Post Primary Speech, Language and Communication Profiling Checklist

Interpretation

If a student scores;

0		No further action is required in this area.
1-2		This area of communication should be monitored and reviewed.
3 or above	→	This student would benefit from additional support. This student may also benefit from referral to a Speech and Language Therapist.

Please place total cumulative scores from each section in the scoring box below, and then consider the student's existing strengths and skills per area.

Area	Total	Interpretation of score as above	Despite any scores, what is an existing strength or skill of the student in this area?
Expressive			
Language			
Receptive Language			
Vocabulary			
Written Language			
Social			
Communication			





HOW TO USE THE COMMUNICATION PROFILING CHECKLIST?

This checklist was designed as a teacher-led tool to allow for the profiling of a student's speech, language and communication strengths, difficulties and differences.

Why use the checklist?

This checklist allows a teacher to:

- profile students' strengths, difficulties and differences
- design and plan for support
- identify need for further assessment or onward referral to SLT services
- recognise the diversity in students' speech, language and communication
- review and monitor students' progress

How to administer the checklist?

The checklist should be completed by a teacher or a number of teachers who know the student well. The checklist contains statements describing students' communication skills. For each statement, the teacher is requested to provide information about how often the student demonstrates a behaviour/skill/ability, etc.

0	Rarely (average skills or not applicable)
1	Sometimes (once a week but not everyday)
2	Often (daily)

The teacher should choose the response that, in their judgement, best describes the student. Each item should be read carefully and it is advised not to leave any items blank.

Administration tips

- 1. If you feel that you are unable to make a judgement, please score it as 0 and add a comment.
- **2.** The comments box could be used to record any additional information such as classroom observations, additional languages, existing diagnoses, recent assessments, etc.
- **3.** Liaise with other teachers in your school who are trained and using the tool.
- **4.** Liaise with other people who know the student well to support you completing the tool; parents, other people who teach/support the student.
- **5.** Practice rationalising your decision making; asking questions such as why did I tick 'often'?
- **6.** Consider other data that has been gathered on the student, e.g. school assessments, past reports, classroom observations, and curricular work.

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How to score the checklist?

Step 1: Please write the cumulative score in the **Total** box in each section.

Does the student:

o have a limited range of vocabulary?
o frequently uses non-specific words such as 'stuff' and 'thing'?
o have difficulty understanding and remembering word meanings?
o misuse words e.g uses them in the wrong context

Step 2: Please transfer the total cumulative score from each section into the **scoring box** on page 3.

Example:

	Total	Interpretation
Expressive Language	5	
Receptive Language	4	
Speech		
Vocabulary	6	
Written language	3	
Social Communication		

Step 3:

A) Interpretation of results: Each area of language is scored individually. There is no overall score. If a student scores the following in any one area of language:

0		No further action is required in this area.
1-2		This area of communication should be monitored and reviewed.
3 or above	→	This student may benefit from additional support which may include a referral to a Speech and Language Therapist.

B) Existing strengths and skills: Despite any scores, please consider what the student's existing strengths and skills are for each area of language.

Area	Total	Interpretation of score as above	Despite any scores, what is an existing strength or skill of the student in this area?
Expressive			
Language			
Receptive Language			
Vocabulary			
Written language			
Social			
Communication			



Solution Focused

Solution-Focused Practice is a change-focused approach that helps people to find ways forward from difficult or challenging situations by focusing on what is wanted in the future and what is already working, and focusing on solutions rather than problems.

(Ajmal & Ratner, 2020)



Exploring best hopes. Finding out what is wanted and what are the best hopes in terms of differences or outcomes.



Exploring the 'preferred future'. Capturing the details of what we want to see happening.



Identifying instances of existing success and strengths and exceptions to the 'problem'. Finding moments where the preferred future may already be happening so that we can build on what is already working.

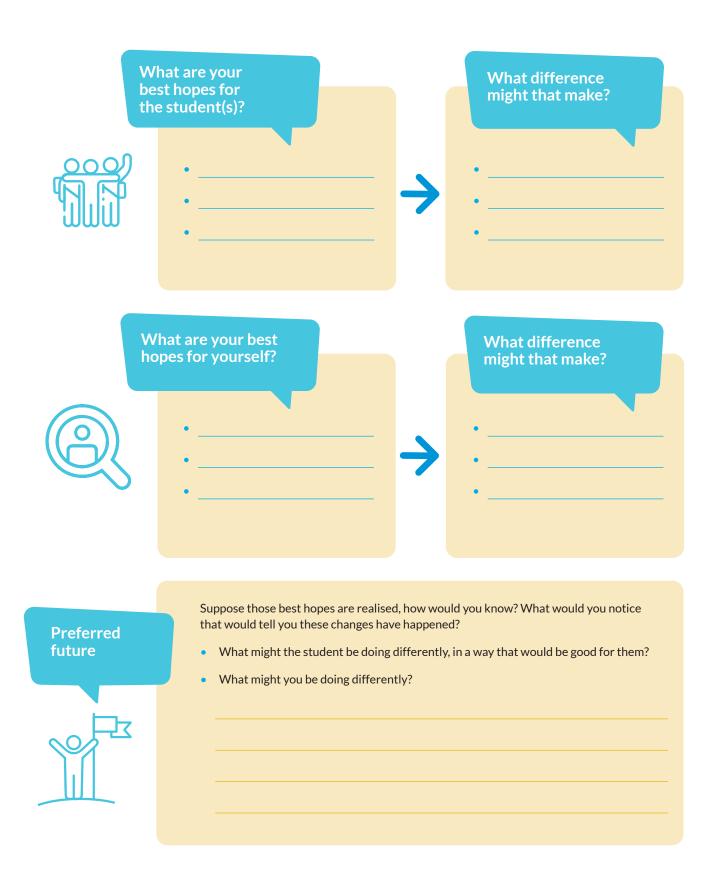


Identifying small signs of change as evidence of future progress.



Engaging in reflective practice.

Solution-Focused Goal Setting



Exploring existing strengths and solutions



On the scale, where, at 10, the best hopes are achieved, and 0 is the
opposite of that, where are you now? Mark a number on the scale
helow

below.			

(best hopes)

How come you are already there and not lower? List 5 things.

Mark where might be the 'good enough' point on that scale?

Small signs of change



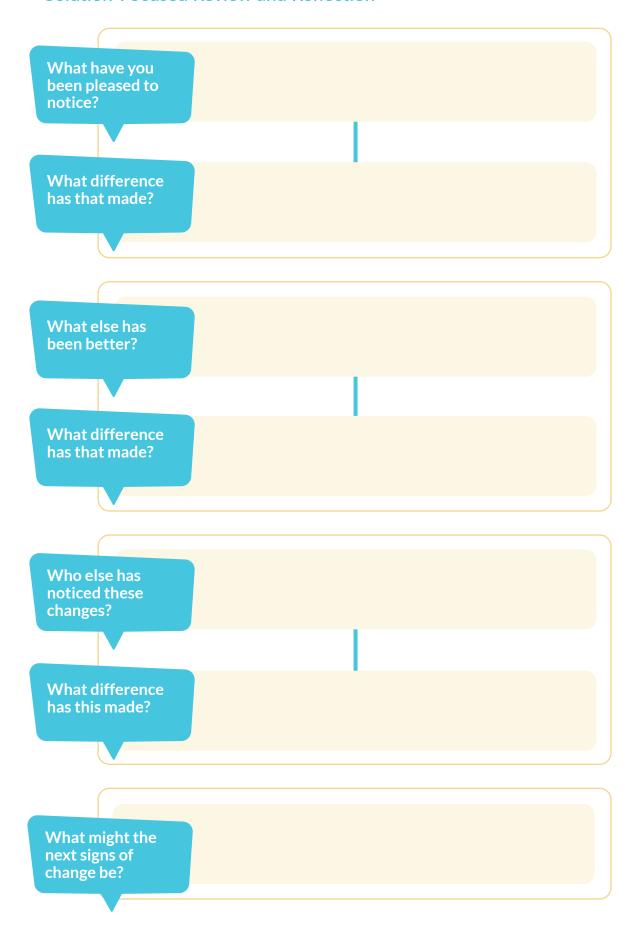
Moving up half a point on that scale from where you are now, what will be the next small signs of change that show things are moving in a helpful direction? What will you start looking out for?

Reflective practice



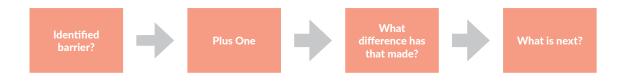
Continuous reviewing and reflecting on what is going well is encouraged. Start looking out for small signs of change, and what you are pleased to notice.

Solution-Focused Review and Reflection



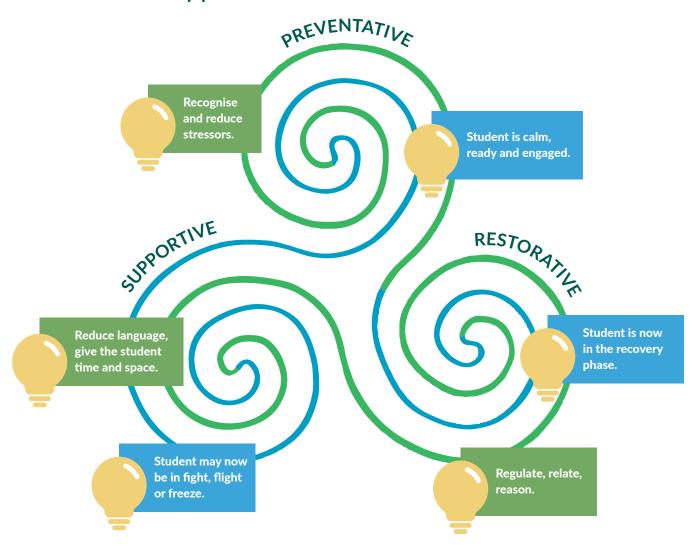
A Plus One Approach

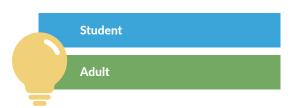
Write any change you are going to make towards your vision. Use this tool to record your steps towards your vision, one action (weekly, monthly, termly or yearly) at a time.



Goal	What I am currently doing	My Plus One (this week/ month/term/year)	Next week/month/ term/year
e.g. including all students when reading texts	All students get their own copy of the novel and get notes ahead of time	All students get their own copy of the novel and get notes ahead of time This year: Provide graphic novel version of the text	All students get their own copy of the novel and get notes ahead of time Provide graphic novel version of the text Next year: Make audio versions of the text available for students

Phases of Support

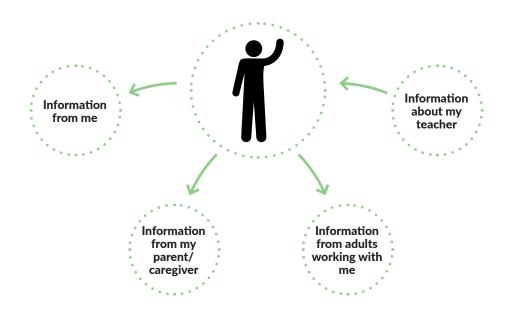


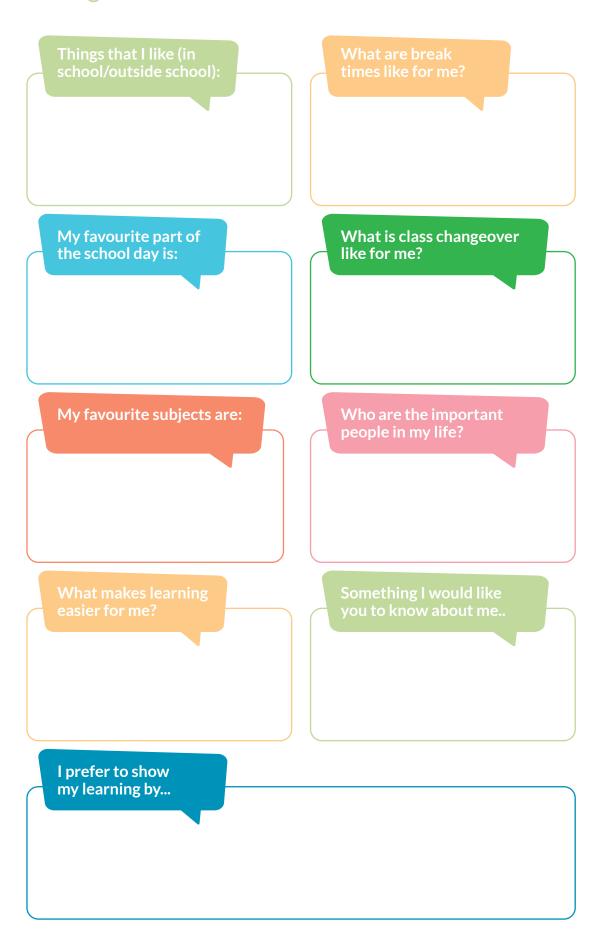


Phases of Support Template

What the student may be experiencing: Preventing Supporting Restoring







Questions for Parents/Caregivers

What are your child's interests and hobbies?

Is your child anxious about anything that we should know about?

How can we support your child in school?

Have they had any life experiences or changes that you would like to share with us?

If your child experiences stress, is there anything that can make this worse that we should know about? Is there any other information you would like us to know?

Questions for Adults working with: ______

What are the student's strengths and interests?

How can these strengths and interests be used to support the student's learning?

What has been working well for the student?

This student learns best by...

Are there any approaches or strategies that were previously implemented or that are ready to be implemented?

Getting To Know My Teacher

Music: TV Shows: What did you like about school? Take Out: If you weren't teaching, what other job do you think you'd be doing? What's a hobby you're really passionate about? What's the best meal Is there a book or movie you think everyone should experience at least once? Have you ever surprised yourself?





Primary Communication Profiling Checklist: Speech, Language and Communication

Stud	dent Name: School Year/Class:			
Che	cklist Completed By: Position in School:			
	Think about the student's abilities, as compared to their peers, then score th	is profile u	sing the follow	ing:
	0 = Rarely (average skills or not applicable)			
	1 = Sometimes (once a week but not every day)			
	2 = Often (daily)			
laı	nis profile can be used to gather information on a student's strengths, difficunguage and communication. Identifying a difficulty or a difference does not apport in this area. This is not a diagnostic tool and there is diversity across eand communication skills.	necessaril	y indicate a ne	ed for
	Expressive Language (Speaking)			
Doe	s the student:	Rarely	Sometimes	Often
	find it difficult to think of certain words (e.g. may talk around the word or give up)			
	eave out word endings like plurals or past tense?			
	jumble up the word order of sentences?			
0	have difficulty creating longer sentences using conjunctions (e.g. if, so, or)?			
0	leave out information when explaining themselves or telling a story?			
0	mix up the order of an explanation or story?			
	Total:			
	Receptive Language (Understanding Spoken La	anguage	·)	
Doe	s the student:	Rarely	Sometimes	Often
0	have difficulty following longer instructions or only follow them in part?			
	have difficulty remembering things people say/require repetition of			
	nstructions?			
0	ook to other students' actions to follow instructions?			
o 1	have difficulty understanding jokes, idioms & can take things literally?			
o 1	have difficulty answering questions or take a long time to respond to a			
(question?			
o 1	have difficulty understanding stories as a whole, i.e. drawing conclusions,			
	oredicting outcomes and understanding implied meaning?			
	Total:			
	Speech			
Doe	s the student:	Rarely	Sometimes	Often
0 1	find it hard to say multisyllabic words, e.g. psgetti for spaghetti			

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for Special Education			
o have difficulty co-ordinating mouth movements, e.g. struggles with			
tongue twisters or alliteration			
 show persistent articulation errors, e.g. wed/red 			
o repeat words/sounds or get stuck on words/sounds when they are speaking			
(stammering) or avoid saying specific words they get stuck on			
Total:			
Vocabulary			
Does the student:	Rarely	Sometimes	Ofter
o have a limited range of vocabulary?			
o frequently use non-specific words such as 'stuff' and 'thing'?	1		
 have difficulty understanding and remembering word meanings? 			
o misuse words? (e.g. uses them in the wrong context)			
Total:	+ '		
11/ the section of the Alice Communication Of	- :		
Written Language (Reading Comprehension & F	expression	on)	
Does the student have difficulty:	Rarely	Sometimes	Ofter
 understanding what they are reading (as distinct from ability to decode)? 			
o answering questions and summarising information on a written text?	T		
 structuring and organising thoughts in written pieces? 	I		
o constructing sentences and using correct grammar in written pieces?			
o using correct content (e.g. vocabulary) to convey meaning in written pieces?	T		
o with spelling?			
Total:			
Social Communication			
Does the student have a difference (compared to most of the class) in the	Paraly	Comotimes	Ofte
way they:	Kareiy	30111etimes	Uite
o start a conversation?	<u> </u>		
 keep the conversation going (taking turns)? 	+ +		
 maintain topics of conversation? 	+		
use eye contact?	+		
o with non-verbal communication? (e.g. personal space, facial expressions)	† †		
o recognise/say when they don't understand?			
 interact or participate with others in group activities? 			
Total:	<u> </u>		
In Finalish the child's first language?		1	
Is English the child's first language? yes	no	J	_
Comments:			
Signature: Date Completed:			

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3

Scoring guidelines for the NCSE Primary Speech, Language and Communication Profiling Checklist

Interpretation

If a student scores;

0		No further action is required in this area.
1-2	\longrightarrow	This area of communication should be monitored and reviewed.
3 or above		This student may benefit from additional support which may include a referral to a Speech and Language Therapist.

Please place total cumulative scores from each section in the scoring box below, and then consider the student's existing strengths and skills per area.

Area	Total	Interpretation of score as above	Despite any scores, what is an existing strength or skill of the student in this area?
Expressive			
Language			
Receptive Language			
Speech			
Vocabulary			
Written Language			
Social			
Communication			





HOW TO USE THE COMMUNICATION PROFILING CHECKLIST

This checklist was designed as a teacher-led tool to allow for the profiling of a student's speech, language and communication strengths, difficulties and differences.

Why use the checklist?

This checklist allows a teacher to:

- profile students' strengths, difficulties and differences
- design and plan for support
- identify need for further assessment or onward referral to SLT services
- recognise the diversity in students' speech, language and communication
- review and monitor students' progress

How to administer the checklist?

The checklist should be completed by a teacher or a number of teachers who know the student well. The checklist contains statements describing students' communication skills. For each statement, the teacher is requested to provide information about how often the student demonstrates a behaviour/skill/ability, etc.

0 Rarely (average skills or not applicable)			
1	Sometimes (once a week but not everyday)		
2	Often (daily)		

The teacher should choose the response that, in their judgement, best describes the student. Each item should be read carefully and it is advised not to leave any items blank.

Administration tips

- 1. If you feel that you are unable to make a judgement, please score it as 0 and add a comment.
- **2.** The comments box could be used to record any additional information such as classroom observations, additional languages, existing diagnoses, recent assessments, etc.
- 3. Liaise with other teachers in your school who are trained and using the tool.
- **4.** Liaise with other people who know the student well to support you completing the tool; parents, other people who teach/support the student.
- **5.** Practice rationalising your decision making; asking questions such as why did I tick 'often'?
- **6.** Consider other data that has been gathered on the student, e.g. school assessments, past reports, classroom observations and curricular work.

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How to score the checklist?

Step 1: Please write the cumulative score in the **Total** box in each section.

Example: Vocabulary

Do	pes the student:	rarely	sometimes	often
0	have a limited range of vocabulary?			2
0	frequently use non-specific words such as 'stuff' and 'thing'?		1	
0	have difficulty understanding and remembering word meanings?		1	
0	misuse words (e.g. uses them in the wrong context)			2
	(Total:	6		

Step 2: Please transfer the total cumulative score from each section into the <u>scoring box</u> on page 3.

Example:

	Total
Expressive Language	4
Receptive Language	3
Speech	0
Vocabulary	6
Written language	3
Social Communication	1

Step 3:

A) Interpretation of results: Each area of language is scored individually. There is no overall score. If a student scores the following in any one area of language:

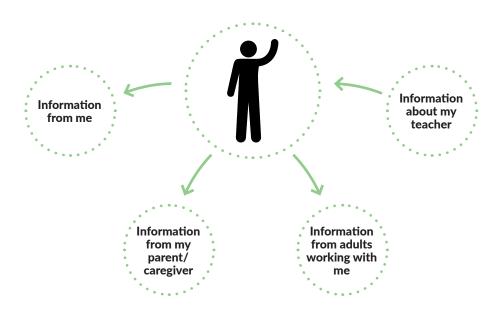
0		No further action is required in this area.
1-2		This area of communication should be monitored and reviewed.
3 or above	—	This student may benefit from additional support which may include a referral to a Speech and Language Therapist.

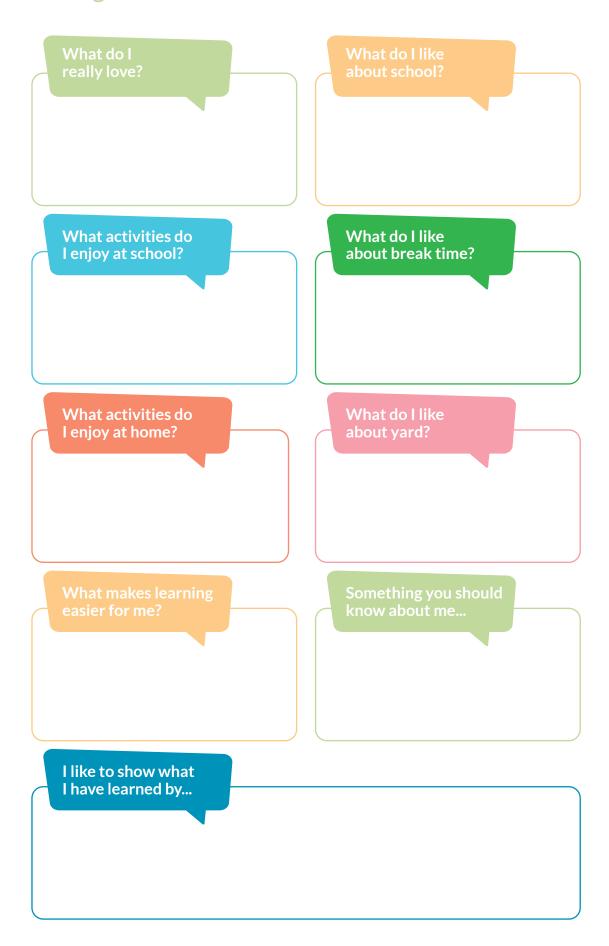
B) Existing strengths and skills: Despite any scores, please consider what the student's existing strengths and skills are for each area of language.

Area	Total	Interpretation of score as above	Despite any scores, what is an existing strength or skill of the student in this area?
Expressive			
Language			
Receptive Language			
Speech			
Vocabulary			
Written language			
Social Communication			

Mindful Colouring







Questions for Parents/Caregivers

What are your child's interests and hobbies?

Is your child worried about anything or scared of something that we should know about?

How can we support your child in school?

Is there any other information you would like us to know?

Have they had any life experiences or changes that you would like to share with us?

Questions for Adults working with: ______

What does the student enjoy currently?

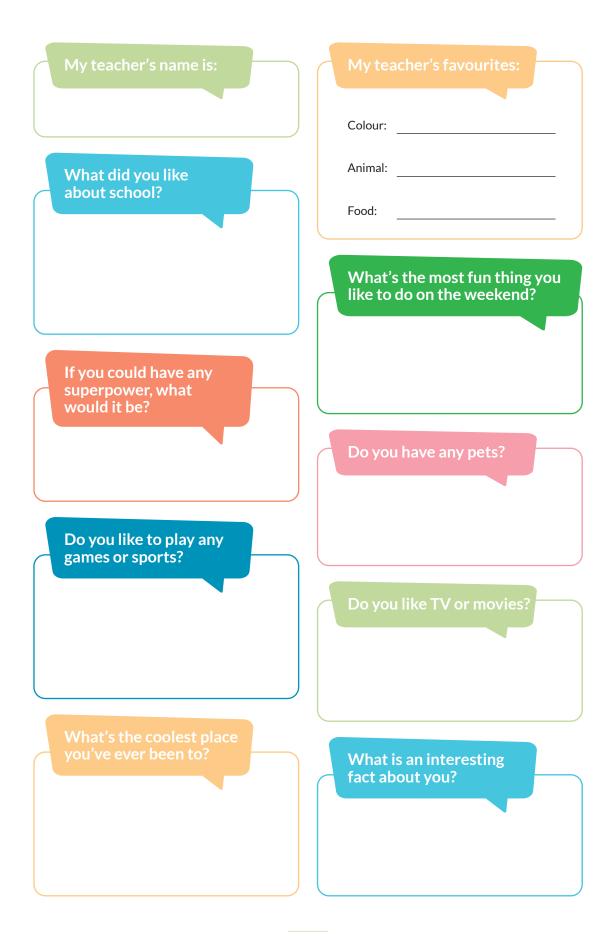
How can the student's strengths and interests be used to support their learning?

What's working well?

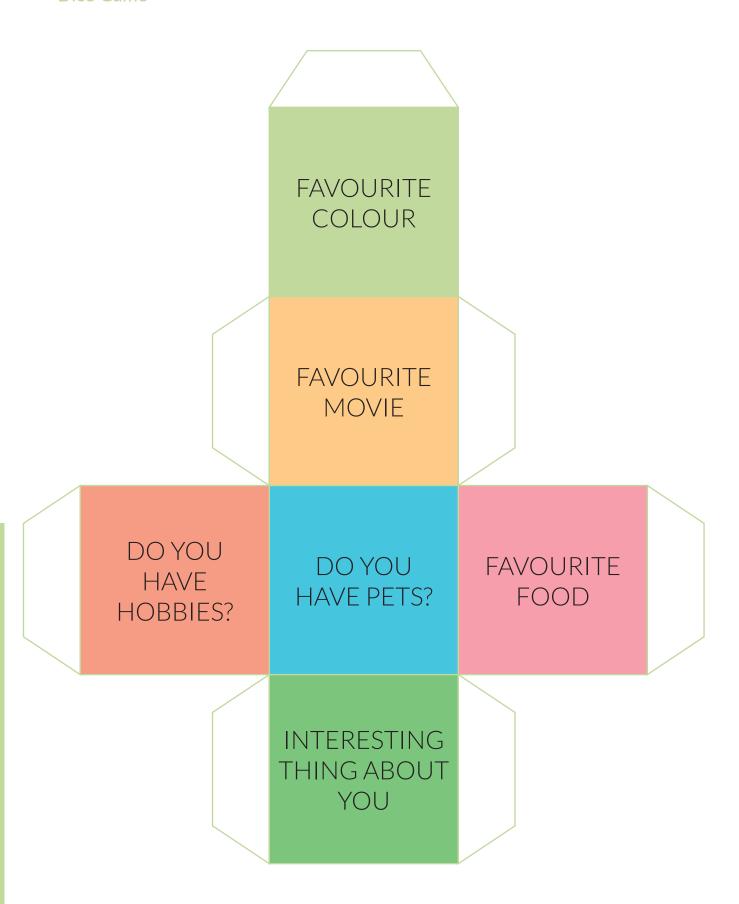
Are there any approaches or strategies that were previously implemented or are ready to be implemented?

What helped the student in their previous class or setting?

Getting To Know My Teacher



Getting To Know My Teacher Dice Game



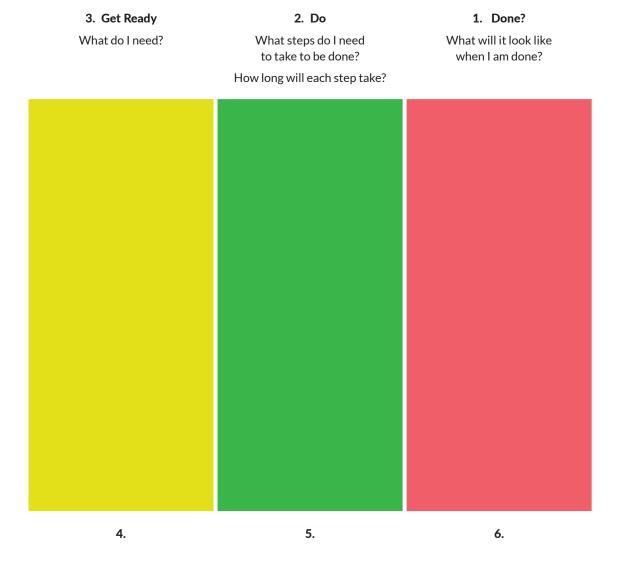
Get Ready, Do, Done

Get Ready, Do, Done is an executive function planning tool that supports students to develop an understanding of the components and process of completing a multi-step sequence activity. This framework supports future thinking, which is a large component of executive functioning including the ability to plan, organise and manage behaviours for task completion within an allotted time frame. It can be used with the whole class, a group or an individual student.

The process of using this tool starts with the end in mind, imagining what the task will look like when it is all done. Next, working through the sequential steps to "Do" and finally the organisation of resources to "Get Ready".

The tool is colour coded with yellow for 'Get Ready', green for 'Do' and red for 'Done'. It can be used with physical objects, post it notes, written out, drawn or made digitally but should always be colour coded correctly and follow the order as described below:

- Teachers show and demonstrate what Done looks like.
- Students problem solve with the teacher what steps are required to achieve their goals and collaboratively identify the steps and time allocation in the *Do* section.
- Students then work out what materials are needed to complete the task in the Get Ready column.
- Students are then instructed to go and gather those materials independently, now completing the task in the order: Get Ready, Do, Done.
- The last step includes comparing the final product with the plan, visually captured in Done.



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