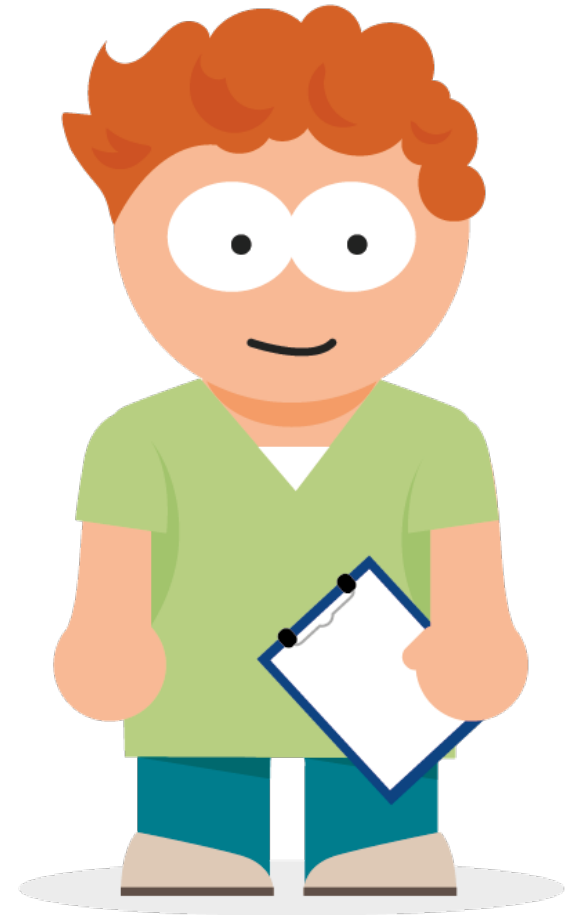




# START

Schools Teaching Awareness of Randomised Trials

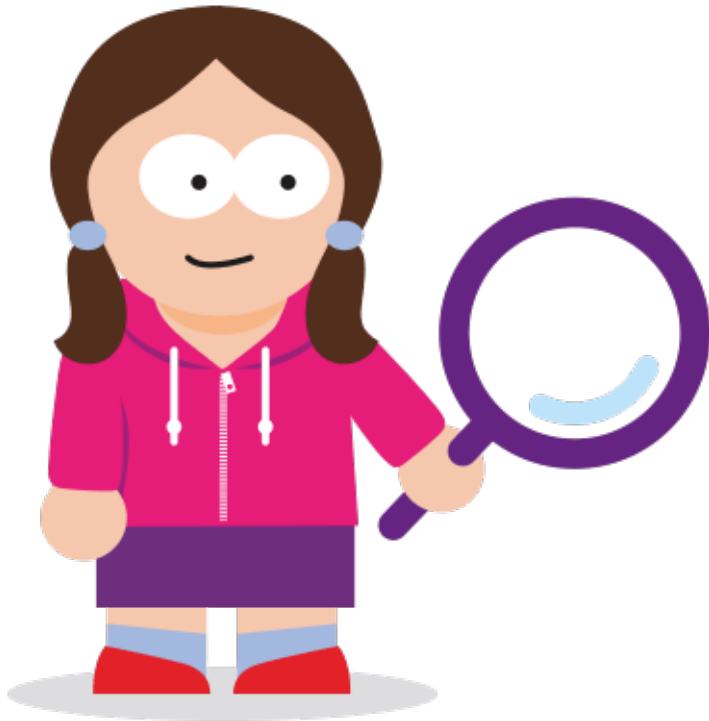
# Welcome!





# START

Schools Teaching Awareness of Randomised Trials



**Free competition challenging  
4th to 6th class primary school  
children to run their own  
randomised trial in the classroom**

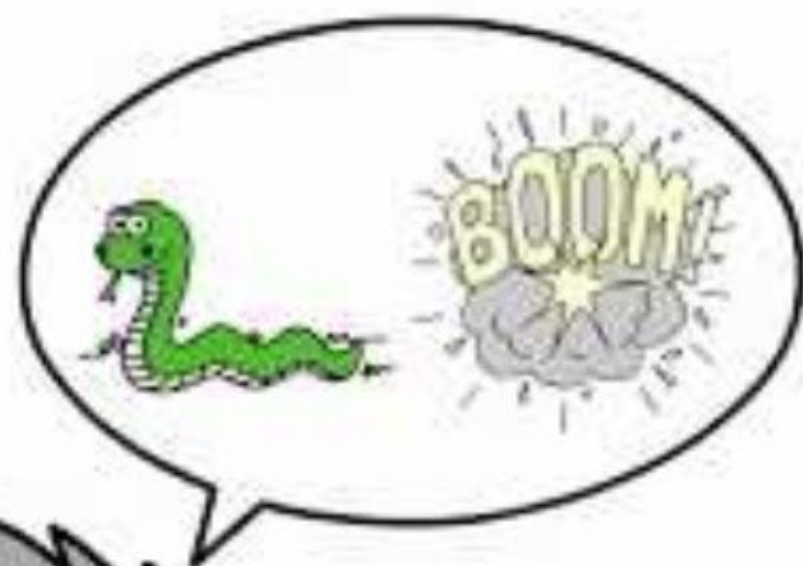
**<https://startcompetition.com/>**

# Workshop Outcomes

By the end of today, you will:

- See how a child-led trial links to the curriculum and supports UDL
- Get practical tools for guiding trials in class
- Gain resources to support inclusive practice





**START**

Schools Training Awards of National Talent



[www.hrb-tmn.ie](http://www.hrb-tmn.ie)



# The START Competition

## Step-by-step



# START

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## The START Competition

Linking the primary curriculum and UDL



Taighde Éireann  
Research Ireland

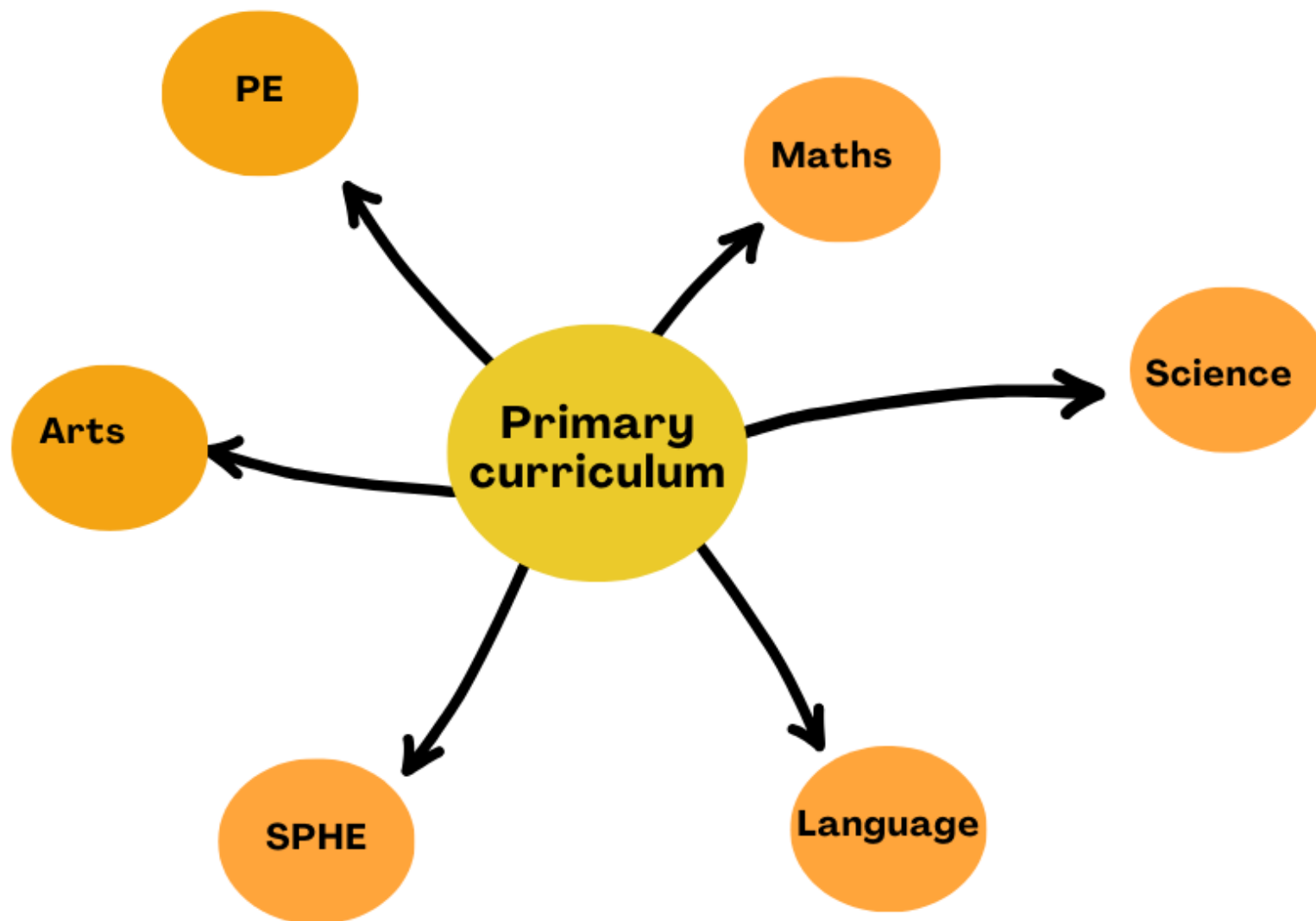


OLLSCOIL NA  
GAILLIMHE  
UNIVERSITY  
OF GALWAY



# START

Schools Teaching Awareness of Randomised Trials





# Curriculum integration overview



## Maths

Students analyse data and apply critical thinking when comparing trial results.



## Science

Hands-on trials develop skills in observation, reasoning, and scientific inquiry.



## Language

Team discussions help students communicate ideas clearly and effectively.



## SPHE

Project on health and personal growth build self-esteem and responsibility.



## Visual Arts

Creative presentation of findings nurtures confidence and artistic expression.

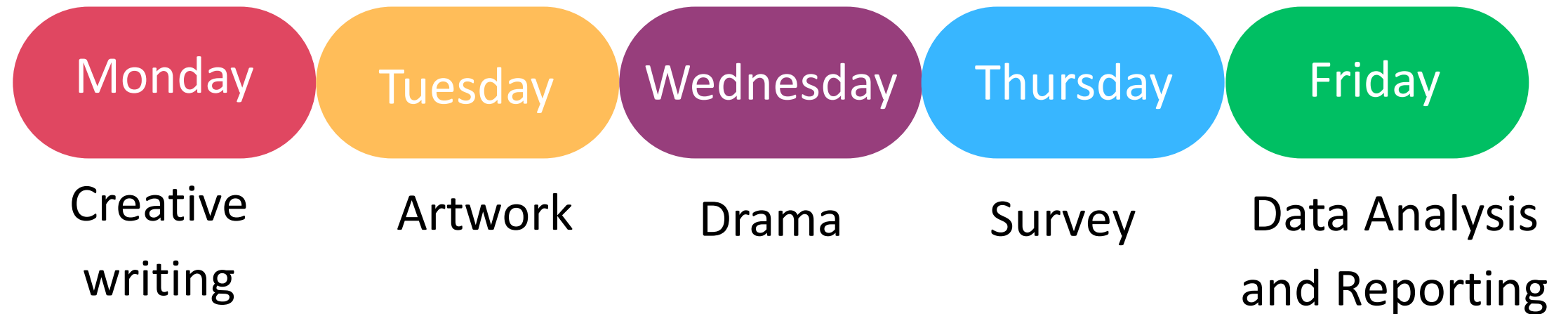


## PE

Physical activity trials connect movement to health knowledge.

**St. Cuana's trial:**

**Does homework make children feel stressed?**



 Teamwork, thinking outside the box

## How we learned through S.T.A.R.T

### English:

- How to write letters.
- Presuasive writing.
- How to present our presentations.

### Art:

- Designing posters.
- Colouring .

### Maths:

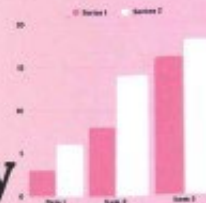
- Averages .
- Addition.
- Patterens.
- How to use stopwatch.
- How to collecting data.

### Science:

- Randomised trial.
- What is critical thinking skills?
- Clinical trial.



By: Ella and Holly



“As a class teacher in a DEIS Band 1 school, where our students face significant social and economic challenges, I was so impressed by the impact this cross-curricular project had on my class [...]

## How we learned through S.T.A.R.T

### English:

- How to write letters.
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- How to present our presentations.

### Art:

- Designing posters.
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- Averages .
- Addition.
- Patterens.
- How to use stopwatch.
- How to collecting data.

### Science:

- Randomised trial.
- What is critical thinking skills?
- Clinical trial.



By: Ella and Holly



[...] The hands on approach not only engaged every student, but also provided them with a high-quality learning experience.

It was so rewarding to witness the student's enthusiasm and creativity as they tackled the trial.  
[...]

## How we learned through S.T.A.R.T

### English:

- How to write letters.
- Presuasive writing.
- How to present our presentations.

### Art:

- Designing posters.
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### Maths:

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- How to use stopwatch.
- How to collecting data.

### Science:

- Randomised trial.
- What is critical thinking skills?
- Clinical trial.



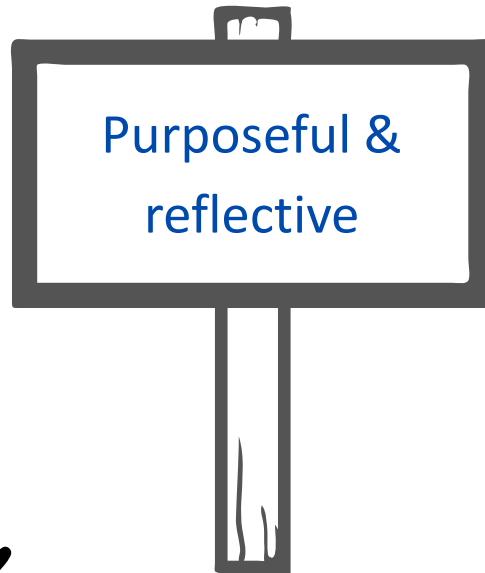
By: Ella and Holly



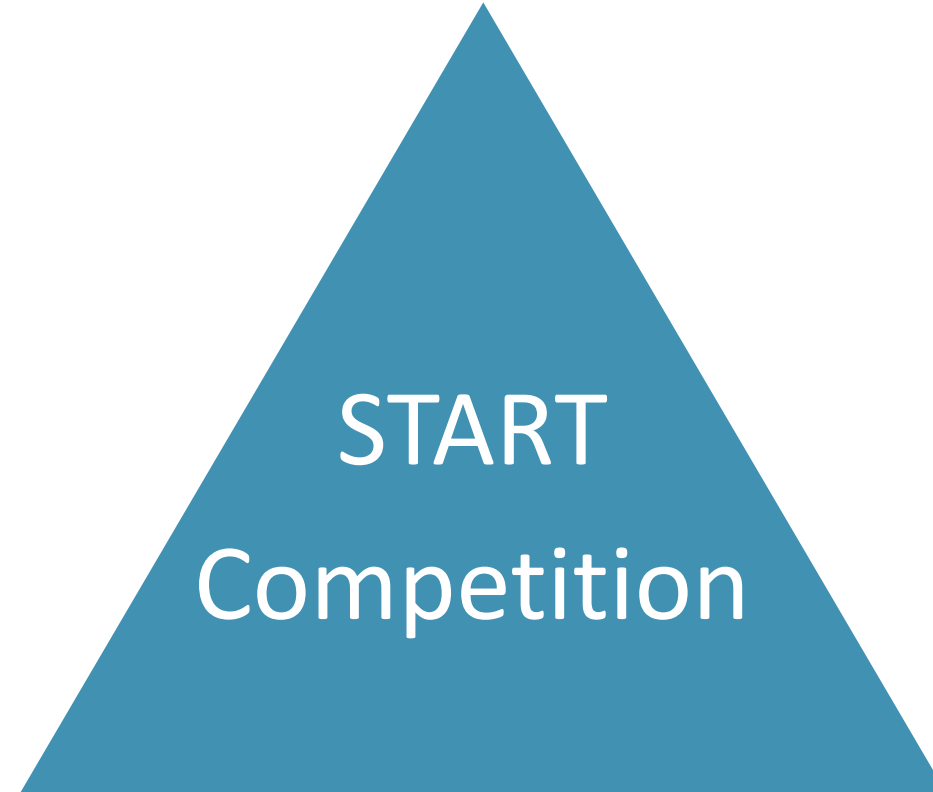
[...] It opened the door to many genuinely thought-provoking conversations. Our project explored the concept that with the right opportunities, all learners can thrive."

Joan Byrne, Trinity Primary  
School, Tuam

# Universal Design for Learning



**Engagement**  
(Choice & Collaboration)



**Representation**  
(Supports & examples)

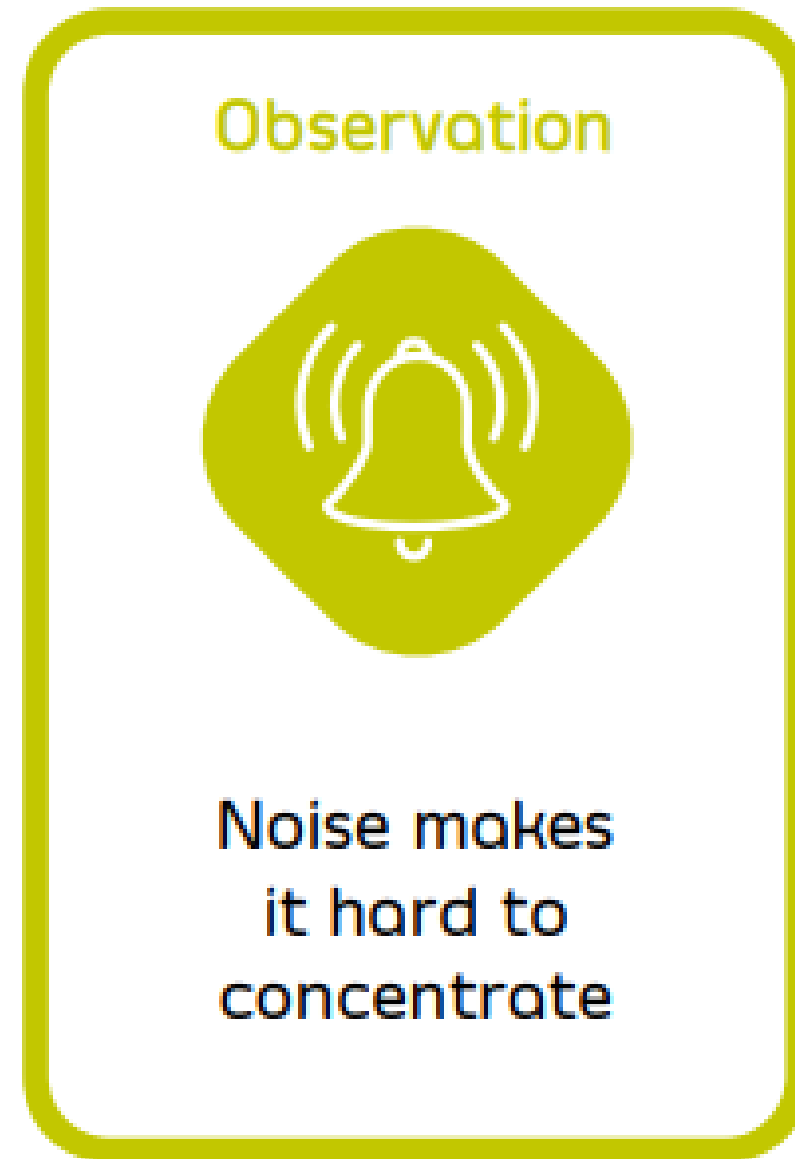
**Action and  
expression**  
(Multiple outputs)

# Activity 1



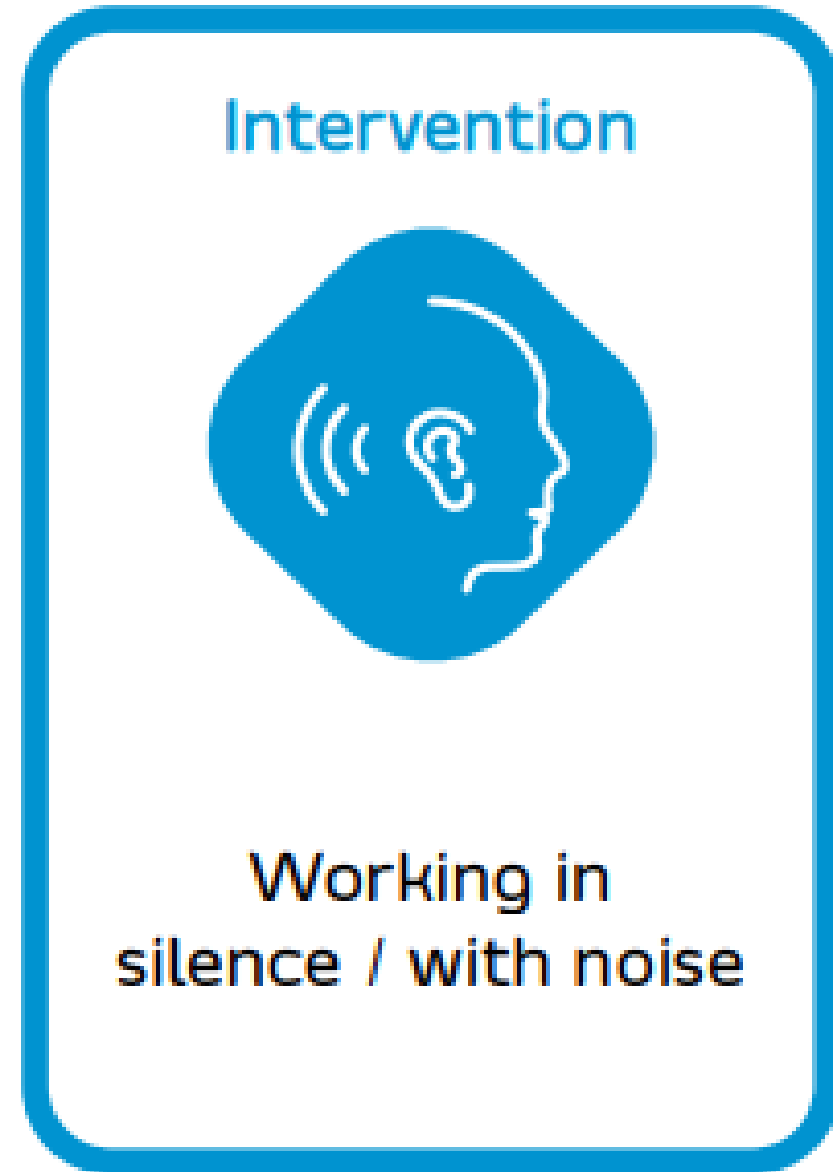
Choose an **observation** that resonate with your class.

For example:



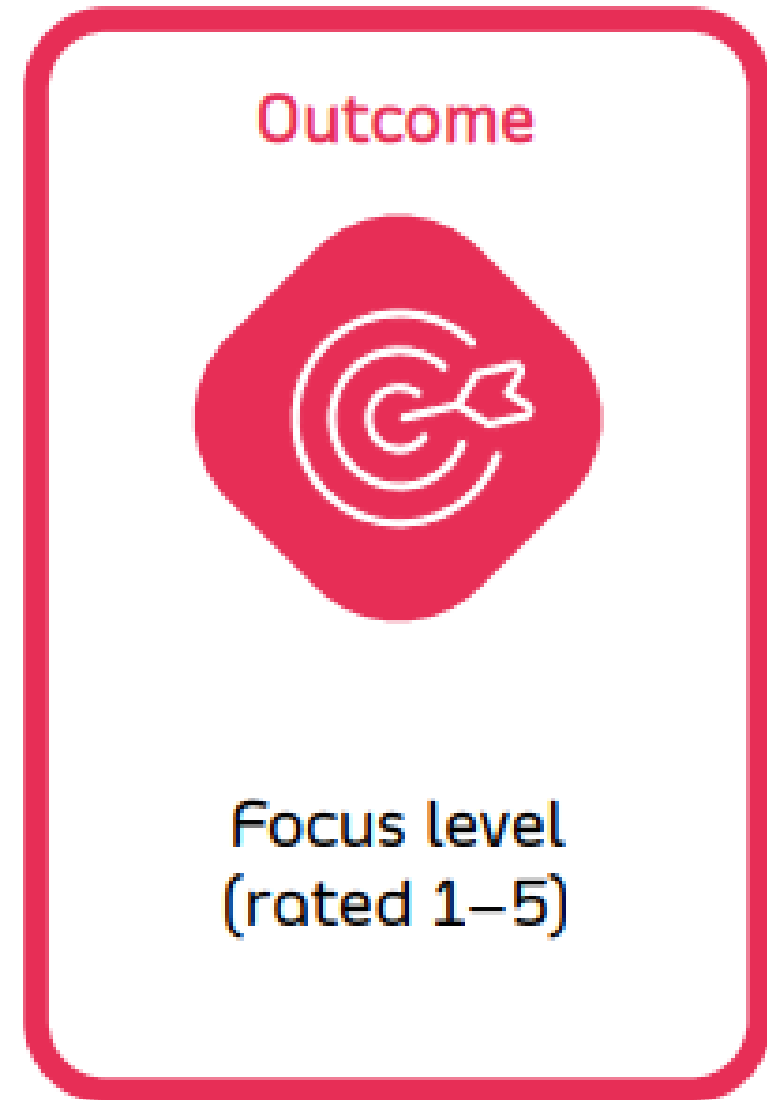
Choose an **intervention** that could have an impact on the observation.

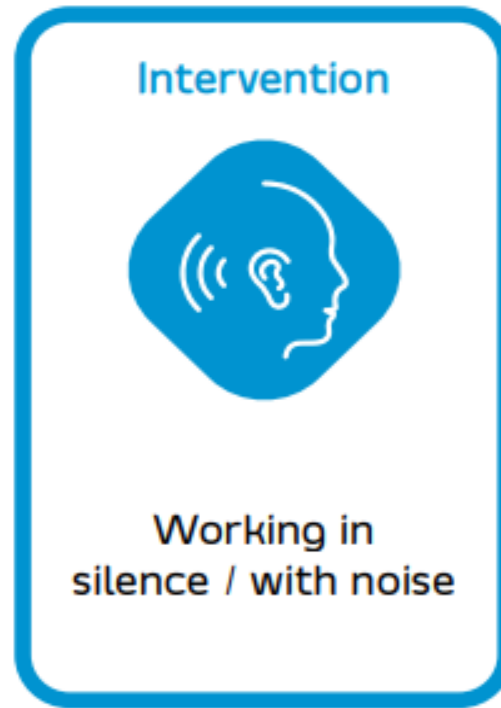
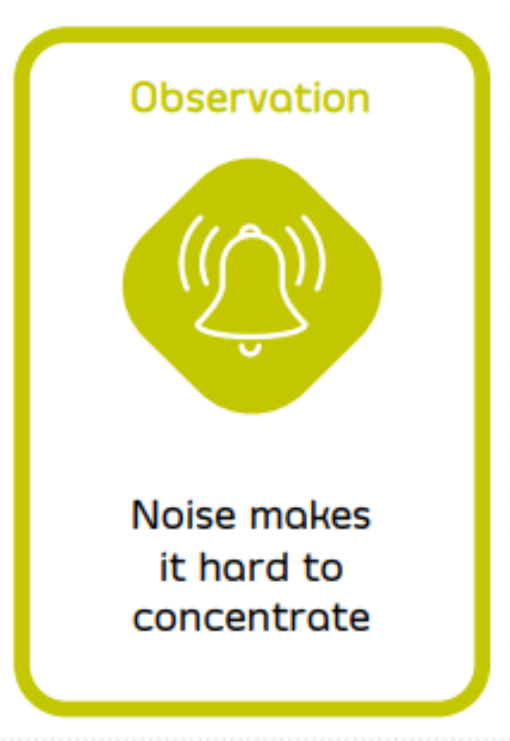
Example:



Select an **outcome**  
(how will you know if your  
intervention worked?  
How will you measure?)

For example:





## Refine your question.

Example: Does working in silence help children concentrate better compared to working with noise?



# The KITE Framework

Choose your Trial Question  
and Select your Outcomes

# Activity 2:

## Refine your question using the KITE Framework

Example

| Research Question                                                                                        | K (Kids/Key Group) | I (Intervention)                        | T (test and comparison)                                 | E (Evidence of change, outcome) |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Does eating fruit at breakfast improve performance in maths? (Compared to not eating fruit at breakfast) | 3rd class students | Eating fruit at breakfast before school | Compare with students who do not eat fruit at breakfast | Maths test scores               |
|                                                                                                          |                    |                                         |                                                         |                                 |





# What is randomisation?



0:00/2:34

POWTOON



# Activity 3: Randomisation Demo



Dividing Participants into Groups



By Chloe



We divided the participants into two groups by getting the randomized spinner on the laptop.



# START

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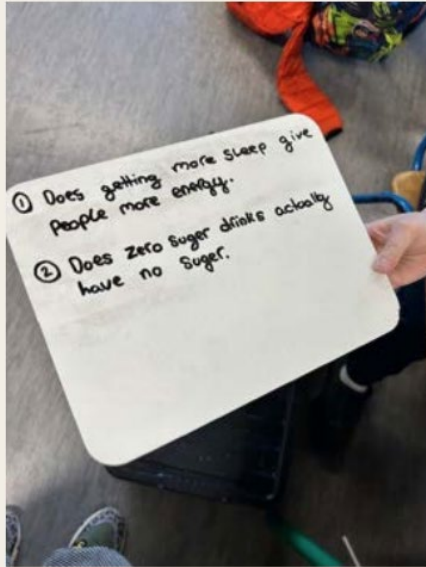
## Activity 4: Mini-trial walkthrough

*“Does 15 minutes of video games affect concentration?”*



5th and 6th class,  
St Fintans BNS, 3rd place 2025

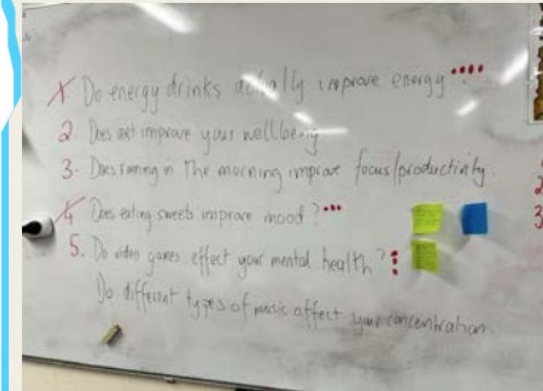
# Step 2: Choosing a trial question



BRIANSTORMING



TROUBLESHOOTING



DECIDING



**START**  
Schools Teaching Awareness of Randomised Trials

# Step 3: Selecting our outcomes

## SELECTING OUR OUTCOMES



1

Play video  
games/other  
activity for 15  
mins

2

Complete a  
maths task  
afterwards

3

Score the task  
and compare  
results

4

Interview the  
participants  
about their  
concentration  
levels

# Step 4: Collect consent



 **Consent Form**

**About our study:**  
We are conducting a study to investigate how different activities affect our concentration in school.

**What you will do:**

1. You will take part in an activity, such as playing a game on the ipad or doing mindfulness colouring.
2. You will then do some school work for 10 minutes.
3. Afterwards, we will ask you some questions.
4. We will also examine the results of the school work you completed.

**The benefits of taking part:**

- You might learn something new about how your mind works and the activities you take part in.
- You will take part in enjoyable activities.
- You are helping us in our research/science project.

**The disadvantages of taking part:**  
You don't get to choose the activity you want to do.

**The fine print:**

☐ You may leave the study at any point

☐ I understand what the study is about

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| Signed: |  |
| Date:   |  |

Thank you for your participation

# Step 5: Divide participants into groups (randomisation)



INPUT THE NAMES



SPIN THE WHEEL

| Trial      | Control    |
|------------|------------|
| Andrii     | Joshua     |
| Anron      | George     |
| Jack       | Tom        |
| Tyler      | Jim        |
| Jacob      | Conan      |
| Doniel     | propaganda |
| Hubert . L | Ed         |
| rory . B   | Bill       |
| Nazir      | Elliot     |
| rory . M   | gicor      |
| Ger        | alicy      |
| 12         | 11         |

OUR GROUPS

## Step 6: Keep it secret (if you can) Blinding

*“We are conducting a study to investigate how different activities affect our concentration in schools”*



**START**  
Schools Teaching Awareness of Randomised Trials

# Step 7: Conduct your study



# Step 8: Report your findings



Finding common  
threads in  
observation notes



Drawing graphs



Writing the project

We hope you enjoyed. Thanks for watching!

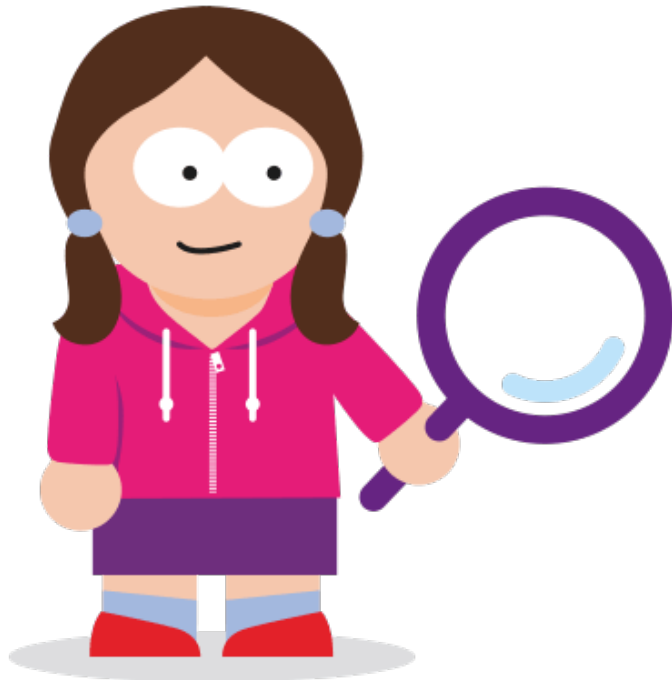




# START

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## Key messages from today



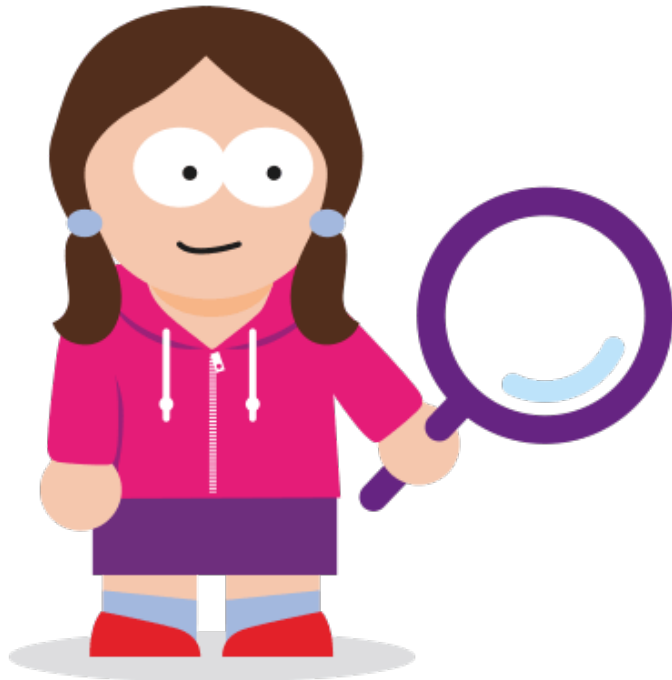
- Engaging, hands-on, inclusive
- Support UDL
- Strong links with the curriculum
- Builds critical thinking, teamwork, and confidence



# START

Schools Teaching Awareness of Randomised Trials

## How to get started?



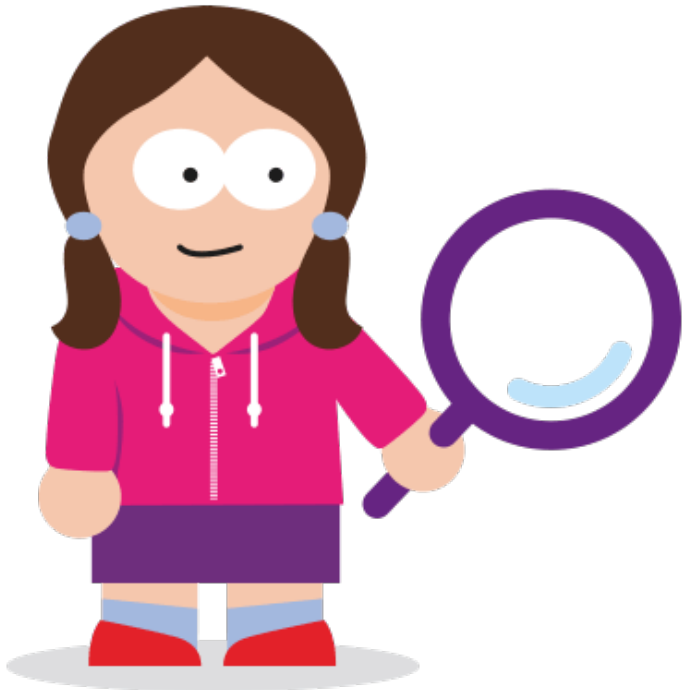
- Visit the START website: [startcompetition.com](https://startcompetition.com)
- Register your class
- Timeline reminder:
  - Competition is open
  - Closing date: 26 March 2026
  - Award Ceremony: 15 May 2026



# START

Schools Teaching Awareness of Randomised Trials

## Support & Questions



- Planning Guide
- Website



[start.competition@universityofgalway.ie](mailto:start.competition@universityofgalway.ie)